ICTD course summary and discussions

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Policies and politics					
Trickle down theory	Enabling environment	Pro-poor push activities	Social enterprises		
S. Korea Taiwan China	Telecom Industries	Mid-day meals NREGA Public schools Farmer debt	Microfinance Mobile commerc Agri info system		
Condoms in Thailand Mosquito nets Caste and class issues The Coke model Social mobility Lentils as incentive					

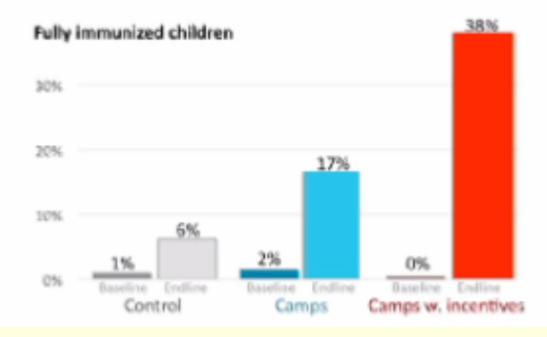


Mechai Viravaidya: Thailand





Camps Camps with incentives Comparison



Esther Duflo: Vaccination

रतक इन और व रोग सक्त रहेन

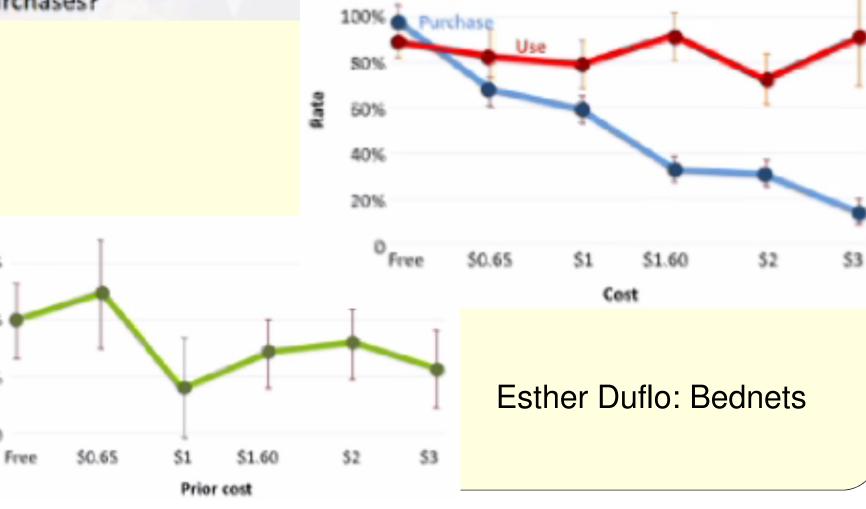
- If people must pay for bednets, will they purchase them?
- When people get bednets for free, will they use them?
- Do free nets discourage future purchases?

Future purchase of net at \$2

30%

20%

10%

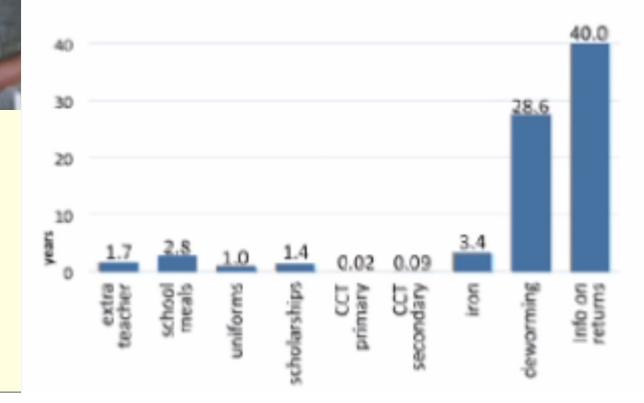


Answer 3: How to get children into school

Build latrines Tell kids benefits of education Eliminate fors Provide health services

Hire extra teachers

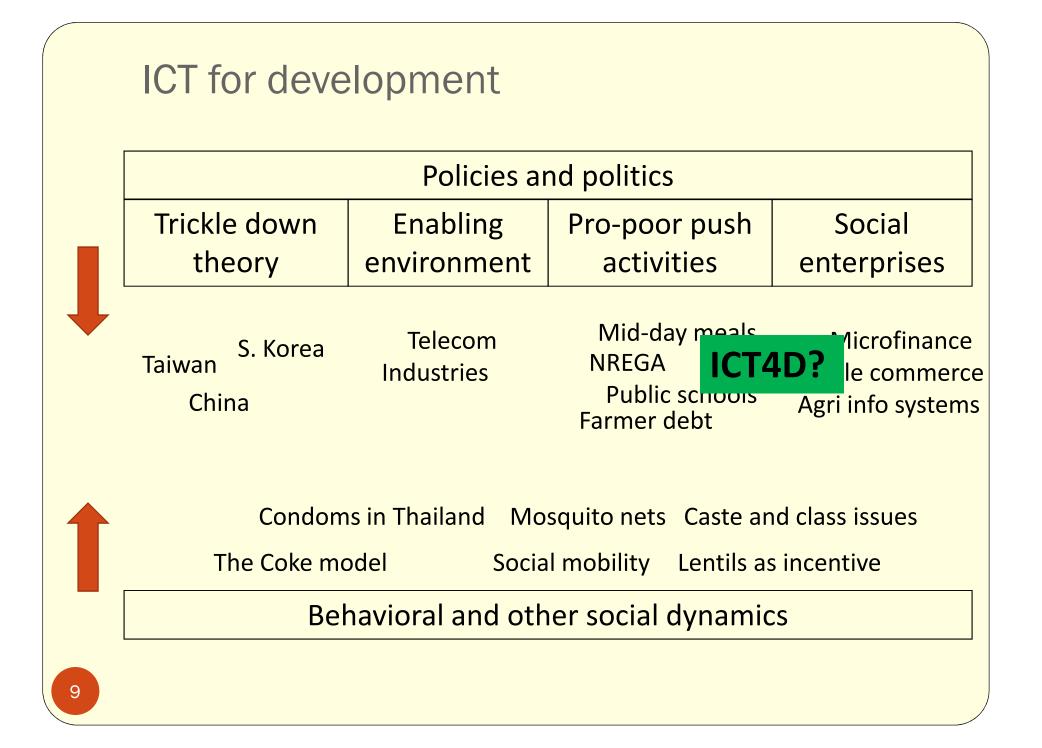
Extra years of schooling per \$100



Esther Duflo: Schooling

ICT as tools to assist development programs

	Policies and politics						
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	Behavioral and other social dynamics						
8							



Can ICTs actually help in development?

- ICTs as assisting in development programs, or as a tool in themselves?
- Complexities in technology development
 - Cost, robustness, fault management
 - Involve the user, training of users, familiarity with modality
 - Evaluation: Quantitative metrics, qualitative observations. Cohort characteristics
- Complexities in technology usage
 - Behavioral influence, caste, culture, education, receptivity
 - Policy and politics: Financial viability, corruption
- Open question!